Numb. 330.

The Daily Gazetteer.

SATURDAY, JULY 17. 1736.

N°. 330.

Defence of the Revolution continued; with further diſplay of the Parts *and* Probity *of the* Craftſman.

THO' it hath been carried to Demonſtration, that the *ſole Deſign* of the *Craftſman*, in all his Diſcourſes upon *Prerogative*, hath been to diſgrace the *Revolution*, by endeavouring to lead the People into a Belief, that they got nothing by it; but that their *Liberties* are rather *leſs ſecure* than be- yet he has not the *Grace* to repent, nor the Gra- e to acknowledge our good Intentions towards him. E have not only ſhewn the People, that this was Deſign; but have fully laid open the *Diſhoneſty* of ay of Reaſoning, in attempting to prove, that the *gative* of the Crown is now as dangerous to our rties as before the Revolution.

IS Method of reaſoning was this: 'The Point in iſpute, ſays Mr. *D'Anvers*, is, whether *all that ſchievous Kind* of Prerogative, which occaſioned ch loud and juſt Complaints in former Times, was *ally aboliſhed* at the *Revolution?* Now, in order to cide this Queſtion, it will be neceſſary to take a ort Review of ALL THOSE POWERS which have *mmonly paſſed* under the Name of *Prerogative*, and ſee hich of them *are actually ſet aſide* by the *Revolution*.' TIS very true, this is the Queſtion, Whether *all miſchievous Kind* of Prerogative, which occaſioned loud and juſt Complaints, was aboliſhed at the Re- tion? And there is no other way to decide the eſtion, but by taking *a Review of all thoſe Powers* ch have commonly paſſed under the Name of Pre- ative, and then ſee which of them were actually ſet e. at that Time. But this Mr. *D'Anvers* hath not e: He hath been ſo far from reviewing ALL THOSE WERS which commonly paſſed under the Name of *rogative*, that he purpoſely and deſignedly *left out thoſe Powers* which cauſed that loud and juſt Com- int, and which too, were actually ſet aſide at the *volution*. This Iniquity, baſe in itſelf, and fatal in Conſequences, I have ſo fully convicted him of, that has no other Refuge to fly to, than that he was *lty of a little Inaccuracy*; (ſo he calls *downright Falſe- d!*) for, ſays he, when I propoſed to take a Review *all thoſe Powers* which *commonly paſſed* under the ame of *Prerogative*, I ſhould have added, *and are ll ſubſiſting*. What confirm'd Stupidity is this! we ll put in theſe *new Words*, or *additional Clauſe*, and en ſee how the whole Sentence will look. Here it is: Now, in order to decide this Queſtion, it will be ne- ceſſary to take a ſhort Review of *all thoſe Powers* which have commonly paſſed under the Name of Prerogative, AND ARE STILL SUBSISTING, and then ſee which of them are *actually ſet aſide* by the Revolution.' That is, we will review *all the Powers* hich have commonly paſſed for Prerogative, *and re ſtill ſubſiſting*; and then ſee, which of thoſe *that re ſtill ſubſiſting*, were *actually ſet aſide* at the Revolu- on. Lord, what a Reaſoner is this! he hath added *bſolute Nonſenſe* to his Wickedneſs, and thrown thick Darkneſs around him, that his Readers may not ſee his Deformity; but we will, for the Sake of the Publick, rip him Naked, and turn him out of Doors juſt as he s: 'Tis a thouſand Pities, methinks, to be ſo ſevere pon ſo fine a Gentleman; but *Juſtice* to the Revolution demands even a Sacrifice ſo noble as Mr. *D'Anvers*.

'Tis plain, he could not mean, as he affirms, to re- view *all thoſe Powers* which have commonly paſſed for Prerogative, and *are ſtill ſubſiſting*; becauſe his very next Words are, 'And then ſee which of them *were actually ſet aſide* at the Revolution.' He could not pretend to ſee which of thoſe *that are ſtill ſubſiſting*, were *actually ſet aſide*. No, his Deſign was, after promiſing to review *all thoſe Powers* which *commonly paſſed* for Pre- rogative, to name *thoſe only which now paſs* for Prero- gative, and then paſs them upon his Readers for *the Whole* of whatever paſſed for Prerogative. For, if this had not been his Deſign, but he had been really honeſt, he would have placed *all thoſe Powers* which *commonly paſſed* for Prerogative, and cauſed ſuch loud and juſt Complaints, *in the Front of the Battle*; they would have ſtood *firſt* in his Liſt of Prerogatives; he would have named, in Capitals, BLACK, HORRID CAPITALS, the Royal Prerogative of RAISING MONEY WITH- OUT LAW; DISPENSING WITH THE VERY LAWS THEMSELVES; and making ACTS OF STATE, ACTS OF LAW, *&c.* He would have told us, that *all the Prerogatives* which occaſioned ſuch juſt and loud Complaints in former Times, were *lawleſs Prerogatives*; for the People of *England*, in Days of old, never com- plained of a *legal Government*; they were not ſo mad: They juſtly found fault with ſome Laws; but never called *Acts* of King, Lords, and Commons, *Legal Slavery*, and *Parliamentary Tyranny!* No, that was a Diſcovery in Politicks reſerved for *this Age*: Their only Complaint was, that the King governed *without Par- laments*; and took not only the *Executive*, but the *Legiſlative Power* of the Kingdom into his own Hands; that he made his own *Proclamations*, and his own *Power, Law*; and, whenever he pleaſed, knock'd down all the Laws at once, by claiming a *Legal Power* to *diſpenſe* with them all.

THESE, and theſe only, were the *miſchievous kinds* of Prerogative, which Mr. *D'Anvers* was *bound to enu- merate*, and to ſhew, they were *not really aboliſhed*, be- fore he could prove his Point againſt the Revolution: Whereas inſtead of enumerating *theſe miſchievous Prero- gatives*, which were *actually ſet aſide* at the Revolution, he mentions only thoſe *which are ſtill ſubſiſting*, on pur- poſe to ſee, which of thoſe that are *ſtill ſubſiſting*, were *actually ſet aſide*; or, in other Words, which of thoſe that are *ſtill ſubſiſting*, are not *ſtill ſubſiſting*: A very judicious Enquiry indeed!

'Tis farther evident, from the Cloſe of his Paper, that he deſigned to paſs upon his Readers *thoſe Prerogatives* he enumerates, and *are ſtill ſubſiſting*, as *the old miſchievous ones*; for he adds, after reckoning them up, 'hardly *one of the Inſtances before-mentioned is in the leaſt affected by the Bill of Rights and Act of Settlement*.' No, nor ought to have been affected by them; for *thoſe Prerogatives* he mentions, ſuch as the Power of *calling, proroguing* and *diſſolving* Parliaments, *&c.* ought ever to remain in the Crown. But theſe were not *all the Powers* which paſſed under the Name of *Prerogative*; nor were they of that *miſchievous kind of Prerogative* ſo loudly and juſtly complained of, which had he fairly laid before his Readers with the others, they would then have immediately ſeen which were *ſet aſide*, and which were *not ſet aſide* at the Revolution; they would then have ſeen, that *all the miſchievous kind* of Prerogative was really aboliſhed by the *Bill of Rights*; and that 'tis ſo far from being true, as the *Craftſman* aſſerts, that *the greateſt Part* of it is ſtill ſubſiſting; that the very reverſe is true, *the leaſt Part* of what com- monly paſſed for ancient Prerogative is ſtill ſubſiſting; or rather, *no Part* of it is ſtill ſubſiſting: For, by *Pre- rogative*, was always meant a Royal Power *more than*, or *beſides the Law*. There is now no ſuch Power; ſo that the Kings of *England*, ſince the Revolution, have not any Prerogative at all, in the ancient, genuine and natural Senſe of the Word, as underſtood by all Men, not excepting Mr. *Locke* himſelf: for 'tis plain, when he ſays, 'That *Prerogative* is only a Power of doing 'publick Good *without a Rule*; or a Power repoſed in 'the *executive Part* of the Government to protect it 'againſt Accidents which *its legiſlative* cannot poſſibly 'foreſee nor *prevent*;' he means, that is *the only lawleſs Prerogative* a King ought to poſſeſs; and that is true. But he does not mean, that is *the only Power* a King of *England* ought to poſſeſs; for he evidently takes the Word Prerogative in the Senſe every Body underſtood it, as a Power in the King *more than, beſides*, or *againſt the Law*; and then ſays, the King has *no ſuch Power*, but to do publick Good in extraor- dinary Caſes, where *the Laws* cannot poſſibly inter- vene; and in that Senſe he is perfectly right.

THUS have I made it evident, in the Courſe of theſe Papers, that *all the miſchievous kind* of Prerogative ſo loudly and juſtly complained of, in former Times, was *really aboliſhed* at the Revolution. And, ſecondly, I have ſhewn Mr. *D'Anvers's Parts* to be equal to his *Probity*, in his Attempts to *diſgrace* the *Revolution*, and endeavouring to induce the People to believe, that *all the ancient, deſtructive Prerogative ſtill ſubſiſted*, when 'tis, indeed, *all taken away*, and *abſolutely aboliſhed*.

So much till he calls me out again.

F. OSBORNE.

Corke, July 6. Yeſterday being the Day appointed for chuſing a Mayor and Sheriffs for the enſuing Year, the following Perſons were duly elected; Thomas Farren, Eſq; Mayor; and Daniel Crone and Richard Bradſhaw, Eſqrs. Sheriffs.

Dublin, July 10. On Tueſday laſt Robert King, Eſq; one of our preſent Sheriffs, was elected an Alder- man in the room of Sir Richard Grattan, Kt. our Lord Mayor, lately deceaſed.

On Wedneſday landed here from England, Sir Mar- maduke Wyvile, Poſt-maſter General of this King- dom.

The ſame Day two young Men, Hatters, quarrelled on Temple Bar; and one of them ſtruck the other with an Iron Bar on the Head, and cut him ſo deſperately, and fractured his Scull, that his Life is deſpaired of; whereupon he was ſecured and committed to Newgate, where he now lies.

A few Days ſince died in the County of Kerry, Valentine Browne, Eſq; commonly called Lord Kil- mere; he married lately the junior Counteſs Dowager of Fingal.

Thurſday laſt Thomas Matthews, Eſq; Son of Theobald Matthews, Eſq; of Antfield, was married to Miſs Matthews of Uſhers Key, an agreeable young Lady of great Merit and Fortune.

On Monday the 28th of June laſt, there was a re- markable Trial in the Court of King's Bench, in a Cauſe wherein Eleazor Edwards of London, was Plain- tiff, and John Graham and Nicholas Noude were De- fendants, concerning the Property of a conſiderable Quantity of Linnen Cloth. The Defendants who are Servants to the Truſtees of the Linnen Manufacture, being directed by the Truſtees to be very careful and exact in ſearching the ſeveral Bleach-Yards about Dublin, in order to prevent any Abuſes that might be committed in bleaching Linnen Cloth, in April 1735, diſcovered that one Taylor, a Bleacher of Black-pitts, had then in his Buck 25 Pieces of Linnen which were whitening and bucking with Lime, and it appearing by the Examination of Witneſſes, that Lime was made uſe of in whitening of the ſaid Linnen, the ſame was condemned by two Juſtices of the Peace, and cut into three Parts and delivered to the Informers, purſuant to ſeveral Acts of Parliament in this Kingdom, and after- wards the ſame was replevin'd in the Name of the Plaintiff Edwards; the Truſtees, out of Regard for the Publick, gave Directions that the Cauſe ſhould be effectually taken Care of, to prevent ſuch Practices for the future, and the Trial came on before the Lord Chief Juſtice of Ireland, by a ſubſtantial Jury of the County of Dublin, when after a full Hearing, the Jury gave a Virdict in favour of the Defendants, by which the For- feiture of the ſaid Linnen was confirmed.

LONDON.

Yeſterday at Noon was held a General Council at Kenſington, when her Majeſty was pleaſed, with the Advice of the King's moſt Hon. Privy Council, to order a Proclamation to be iſſued out for apprehending any Perſon or Perſons, who were concerned in burning the Acts of Parliament in Weſtminſter-hall on Wedneſ- day laſt, with a Reward of 200 l. for every Perſon who ſhall be apprehended and convicted of the ſame.

Laſt Sunday died at his Houſe at Putney in the County of Surry, William Salmon, Eſq; a young Gentleman lately come of Age, and to an Eſtate of 4000 l. per Annum.

The Right Hon. the Lady Archibald Hamilton is appointed Privy Purſe and Groom of the Stole to her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs of Wales.

Yeſterday the Right Hon. the Lord Chancellor ſet out for his Seat at Croydon in Surry.

The ſame Day the Lord George Bentinck, Brother to his Grace the Duke of Portland, kiſſed her Majeſty's Hand at Kenſington, for a Pair of Colours in the Foot Guards.

On Thurſday laſt George Denn, Eſq; going from his Houſe at Kingſton to Richmond, fell from his Horſe, and died ſoon after.

George Philips, Eſq; is appointed Captain of a Com- pany of Invalids, commanded by Brigadier General Philips in Newfoundland.

Yeſterday being the firſt Sittings of the ſeveral Courts in London after Trinity Term, the Right Hon. the

the Lord Hardwick, Mr. Juſtice Comyns, together with the Serjeants and other Council, were entertained by the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor at Grocers Hall.

Yeſterday an Account came to the Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty, of the ſafe Arrival of the Newcaſtle, Pearl, and Spence Men of War at Spithead. They have been ſtationed in the Weſt Indies for three Years paſt.

The ſame Day at curious fine Monument was erected in the Church a Goſsfield in the County of Eſſex, to the Memory of John Knight, Eſq; and his Lady, on which is the following Inſcription, viz.

Johanni Knight,
De Goſsfield in Com. Eſſex Armig.
Qui obiit Oct. 2d 1733.
Anna Craggs
Jacobi Craggs Regi Georgio J. A.
Secretis Soror
Memoriæ, &c. amori ſacrum
Conjugi ſuo chariſſimo H. S. P.

O faireſt Pattern to a failing Age,
Whoſe publick Virtue knew no Party Rage,
Whoſe private Name all Titles recommend, —
The pious Son, fond Husband, faithful Friend.
In Manners plain, in Senſe alone refin'd,
Good without Show, and without Weakneſs kind;
To Reaſon's equal Dictates ever true,
Calm to reſolve, and conſtant to purſue.
In Life with every ſocial Grace adorn'd;
In Death by Friendſhip, Honour, Virtue mourn'd.

Yeſterday the Right Hon. the Earl of Loudon, one of the Sixteen Peers of Scotland, ſet out from his Houſe in Privy Garden for his Seat in Scotland.

☞ Yeſterday Bank Stock was 149 7-8ths. India, nothing done. South Sea 99 7-8ths. Old Annuity 114. New ditto, 113 3-8ths to 1-half. Three per Cent. 105 1-4th. Emperor's Loan 115 3-4ths to 116. Royal-Aſſurance 111. London-Aſſurance 14 5-8ths to 3-4ths. York Buildings 2. African 16. India Bonds 61. 17s. to 19s. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 51. 14s. Premium. South Sea Bonds 51. 14s. Prem. New Bank Circulation 71. 7s. 6d. Premium. Salt Tallies 3 3-4ths to 6 Prem. Engliſh Copper 21. 3s. Welſh ditto, no Price. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 6 5-8ths per Cent. Prem. Million Bank 115 1 half.

This is to give Notice,

THAT the Commiſſioners appointed by Act of Parliament, for building a Bridge from the New Palace Yard in the City of Weſtminſter, to the oppoſite Shore in the County of Surry, will meet on Friday the 23d Inſtant, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, in the Jeruſalem Chamber at the Deanry of Weſtminſter.

Exciſe-Office, London, July 16, 1736.

By Order of the Hon. the Commiſſioners of Exciſe,

ON Thurſday the 22d of this Inſtant July, will be expoſed to Sale in their Court Room in the Old Jury, at 3 of the Clock in the Afternoon, ſeveral Parcels of condemn'd Bohea and Green Tea, Coffee Chocolate, Brandy, Rum, Geneva, Cordial Waters, Soap, and Starch; which may be viewed on Tueſday and Wedneſday the 20th and 21ſt Inſtant, at the Exciſe Office, and at the Warehouſes near the Cuſtom-Houſe, from 9 to 12 in the Morning, and from 2 to 5 in the Afternoon, and on the Day of Sale from 9 to 12 in the Forenoon.

Printed Allotments of the Particulars will be delivered at the ſaid Office on Tueſday the 20th Inſtant.

THE Managers and Directors of the Lottery appointed by an Act paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, for building a Bridge croſs the River Thames from the New Palace Yard in the City of Weſtminſter, to the oppoſite Shore in the County of Surry, do hereby give Notice, that they have, purſuant to the Directions of the ſaid Act, appointed the Payments of the Contributors to the ſaid Lottery to be made into the Bank of England, in the Proportions, and at the Times following, viz. Twenty Shillings on each Ticket to be paid at the Time of ſubſcribing, for which Purpoſe Books are now open and will continue ſo to the 2d of next Auguſt, unleſs the Subſcription be compleated before that Time; Forty Shillings more to be paid on each Ticket on or before the 10th of September next, and the remaining Forty Shillings on or before the 1ſt of November following.

This Day is publiſhed,
At the Requeſt of the High Sheriff, and the Gentlemen of the Grand Jury. Pr. 1 s. 6 d.

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Late of Brazen-Noſe College in Oxford.

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N. B. The TWO VOLUMES advertiſed for *J. and R. Tonſon*, &c. contain no more than the FIRST VOLUME of his Lordſhip's Works which were printed in Quarto.

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Now firſt printed from his Lordſhip's Original Manuſcript, and the ſeveral References to the Records examin'd and compared with the Originals in the Tower and elſewhere, with large Notes.

By SOLLOM EMLYN of Lincoln's Inn, Eſq; Vide Vote of the Houſe of Commons, Monday, Nov. 29, 1680.

Ordered, *That the Executors of Sir Matthew Hale, late Chief Juſtice of the Court of King's Bench, be deſired to print his Manuſcripts relating to the Crown Law, and a Committee is appointed to take Care of the true printing thereof.*

Printed for F. Gyles, over-againſt Gray's-Inn in Holborn, T. Woodward, at the Half-Moon between the two Temple-Gates in Fleet-ſtreet, and C. Davis in Pater-noſter-Row.

N. B. There is a ſmall Number printed on large Paper for the Curious.

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BALSAMICK STYPTICK.

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THIS Medicine reſtrains in a moſt ſurprizing Manner, all internal as well as external Hemorrhagies, *i. e.* it infallibly and quickly ſtops all dangerous Bleedings at the Noſe or Gums, ſpitting or vomiting Blood; alſo the immoderate Flux of the Hemorrhoides or Menſes; bloody Urine or Stools, bleeding of large Wounds, &c. (if uſed according to the plain Directions given with it) as will appear by the Certificates of ſeveral Eminent Phyſicians, and in the large Account of this Medicine, written by the Doctor himſelf, and dedicated to the College of Phyſicians a little before his Death.

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The Doctor not only obtained his Majeſty's Letters Patent for the ſole Vending of this moſt Excellent Medicine; but alſo a Clauſe in a late Act of Parliament, exempting this Medicine from the Inſpection of the Cenſors of the College of Phyſicians, to which all other Medicines are liable.

N. B. Some of the Apothecaries prepare a Styptick from a Preſcription of Helvetius, and uſe it in the Room of Dr. EATON's; but whoever tries both, will ſoon be perſuaded that Our's exceeds their's in all Reſpects, in a moſt eminent Degree.

Sold, by Licence, at Garraway's Old Shop, Practical Scheme, at the Royal Exchange; Mr. R. Bradſhaw's Warehouſe behind the Royal Exchange; Mr. John Potter, Chymiſt, in Bartholomew Cloſe; Mr. William Evans, Bookſeller in Briſtol; Mr. Hammond, Jun. Bookſeller at York; Mr. Roe, Bookſeller in Derby; Mr. Raiks, Printer in Glouceſter; Mr. Dicey, Printer in Northampton; Mr. Thomas Greenhill, Mercer, at Bath; Mr. Abree, Printer, at Canterbury; Mr. Howard, an Apothecary at Kidderminſter; Mrs. Trobridge, a Shopkeeper in Exeter Mr. Hallifax, an Apothecary at Brackley; Mrs. Unett, a Bookſeller, at Woolverhampton, and Mr. Bryan, a Printer, at Worceſter.

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Juxta ſe poſita magis eluceſcunt.

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